

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

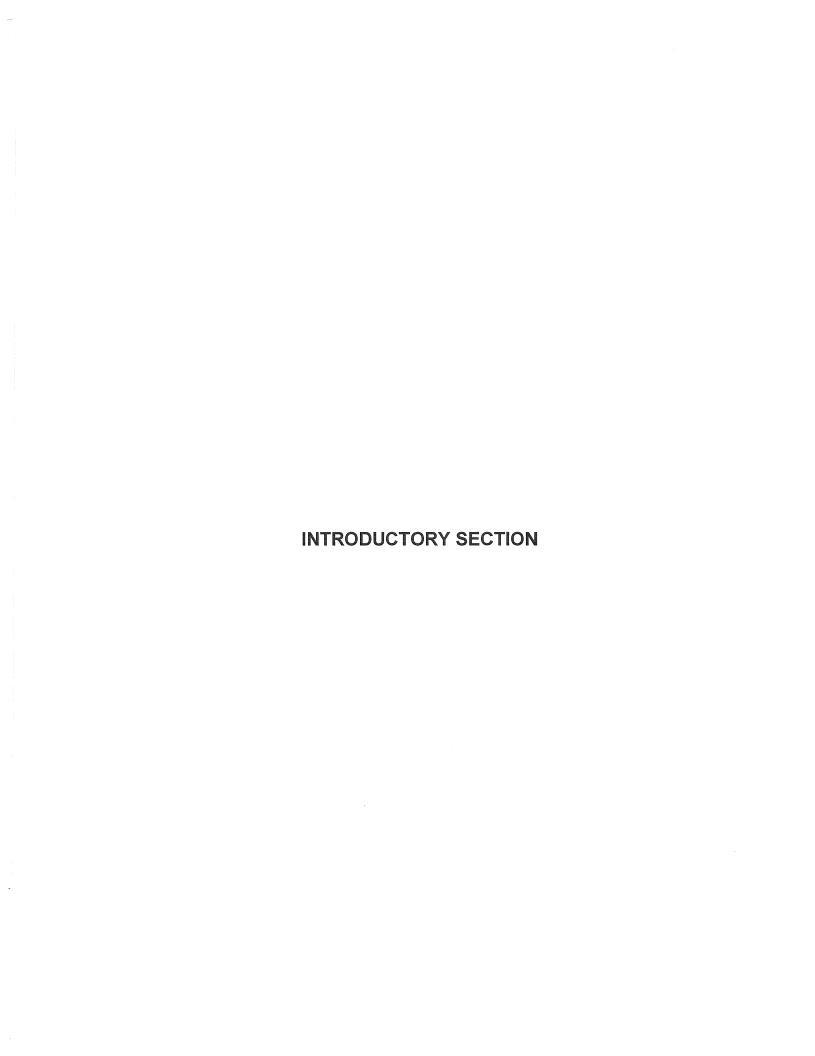
CITY OF PORT LAVACA, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

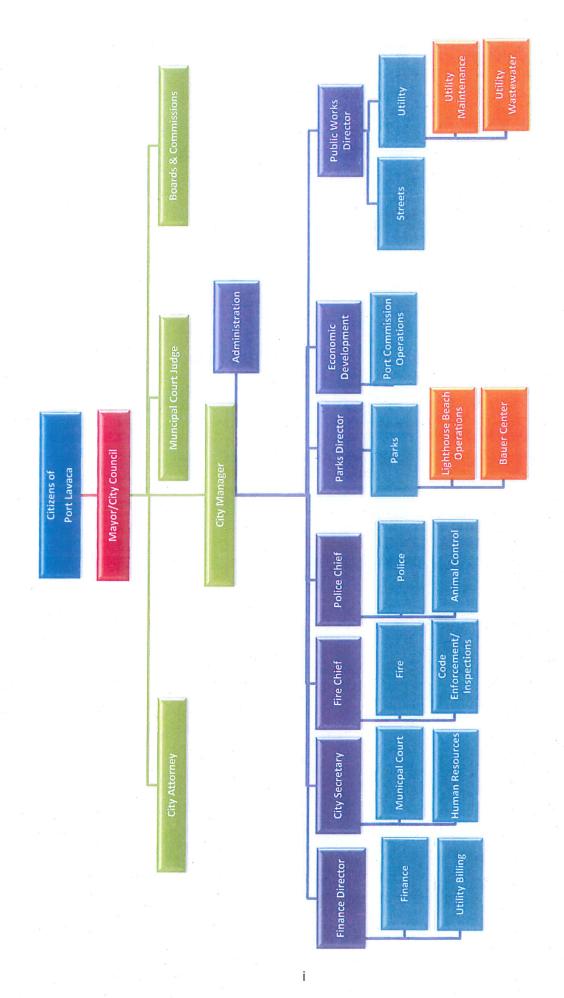
For the year ended September 30, 2016

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DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS September 30, 2016

City Officials

Jack Whitlow

Ken Barr

Jerry Smith

Lee Rivera

Rosie Padron

Tim Dent

Jim Ward

Elective Position

Mayor

Mayor Pro-Tem

Council Member

Council Member

Council Member

Council Member

Council Member

Key Staff

Robert Bradshaw

Scotty Jones

Mandy Grant

Joe Reyes, Jr.

Colin Rangnow

Darren Gurley

Appointive Position

City Manager

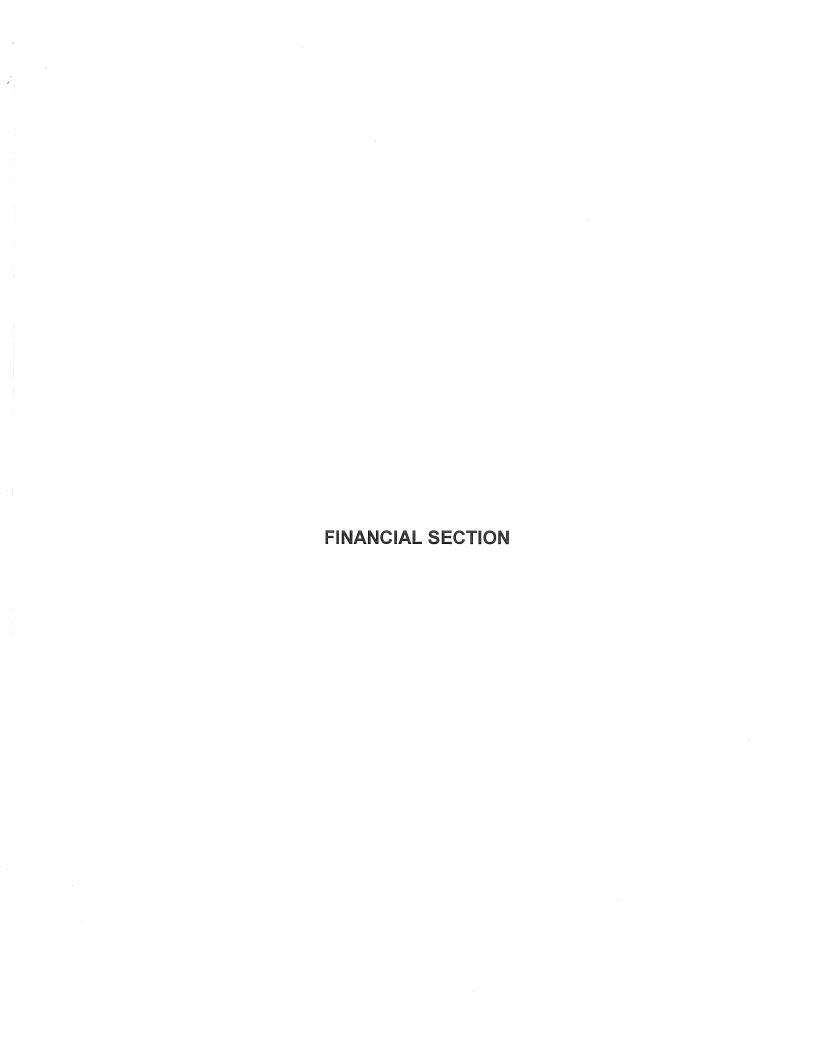
Director of Finance

City Secretary

Chief of Fire

Chief of Police

Director of Public Works



HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 101 S. MAIN, SUITE 400 VICTORIA, TEXAS 77901-8142 STEPHEN W. VAN MANEN, CPA DENNIS C. CIHAL, CPA ERIC L. KUCERA, CPA CLAYTON P. VAN PELT, CPA ROBERT W. SCHAAR, CPA MELISSA M. TERRY, CPA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Port Lavaca, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Port Lavaca, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Port Lavaca, Texas

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, and schedule of employer contributions as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Port Lavaca, Texas

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 24, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.

Harrison, Waldrop & Uherek, UP

Certified Public Accountants

May 24, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the year ended September 30, 2016

As management of the City of Port Lavaca, Texas (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the year ended September 30, 2016.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close
 of the most recent fiscal year by \$55,474,536 (net position). Of this amount, \$15,616,172
 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and
 creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$2,084,686 over the prior year.

Governmental Activities

• Net position grew from \$30,174,390 in 2015, to \$31,240,585 (an increase of 4%) as of September 30, 2016.

Business-type Activities

• Net position grew from \$23,215,460 in 2015, to \$24,233,951 (an increase of 4%) as of September 30, 2016.

Governmental Funds

- As of September 30, 2016, the City's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$10,761,534, an increase of \$1,153,467 (12%) in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$4,922,293 or 70% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The committed portion of the General Fund's fund balance totaled \$3,534,329. These monies were committed by the Council to pay health insurance claims, capital asset replacement, and to be ready financially in the event of a disaster.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements.

Organization and Flow of Financial Section Information

Independent Auditors' Report

Provides the opinion of the Independent Auditors on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This supplementary information is required for state and local government financial statements and is intended to provide a narrative introduction and analysis.

Pages 4 to 12

Government-wide Financial Statements

Provides information on governmental and business-type activities of the primary government.

Pages 13 to 16

Fund Financial Statements

Provides information on the financial position of specific funds of the primary government.

Pages 17 to 26

Notes to Financial Statements

Provides a summary of significant accounting policies and related disclosures.

Pages 27 to 53

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., depreciation and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements present functions and programs of the City that are provided for various funding sources. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13-16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented in the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental funds and governmental activities. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report.

Proprietary funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-24 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City uses an expendable trust fund and agency funds. Expendable trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as governmental funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-26 of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 27-53 of this report.

Other Information

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules provide additional information pertaining to the City's nonmajor governmental funds and the General Fund's budgetary performance. This other information can be found on pages 58-75 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$55,474,536 as of September 30, 2016.

The largest portion of the City's net position (69%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, vehicles, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to the individuals we serve; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The second largest portion of the City's net position (28%) represents unrestricted financial resources available for future operations. Additionally, a portion of the City's net position (3%) represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they may be used.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the primary government as a whole.

City of Port Lavaca, Texas

Net Position							
		nmental vities		Business-type Activities		otal	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Current and other							
assets	\$ 11,719,061	\$ 10,775,046	\$ 6,976,941	\$ 6,375,726	\$ 18,696,002	\$ 17,150,772	
Capital assets, net	22,739,936	23,226,824	23,623,990	23,796,805	46,363,926	47,023,629	
Total assets	34,458,997	34,001,870	30,600,931	30,172,531	65,059,928	64,174,401	
Total deferred out-							
flows of resources	761,528	322,661	238,580	159,651	1,000,108	482,312	
Current and other							
liabilities	864,520	1,130,497	1,380,488	1,252,815	2,245,008	2,383,312	
Noncurrent liabilities	2,946,051	2,868,392	5,197,783	5,839,815	8,143,834	8,708,207	
Total liabilities	3,810,571	3,998,889	6,578,271	7,092,630	10,388,842	11,091,519	
Total deferred in-							
flows of resources	169,369	151,252	27,289	24,092	196,658	175,344	
Net Position:							
Net investment							
in capital assets	20,549,966	20,724,855	17,986,418	17,592,876	38,536,384	38,317,731	
Restricted	1,321,980	1,330,800	_	-	1,321,980	1,330,800	
Unrestricted	9,368,639	8,118,735	6,247,533	5,622,584	15,616,172	13,741,319	
Total net position	\$ 31,240,585	\$ 30,174,390	\$ 24,233,951	\$ 23,215,460	\$ 55,474,536	\$ 53,389,850	

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - (Continued)

Net position of the City increased by \$2,084,686. Key elements of this increase are due primarily because revenues remained consistent with the prior year and there was a decrease in expenses for the business-type activities.

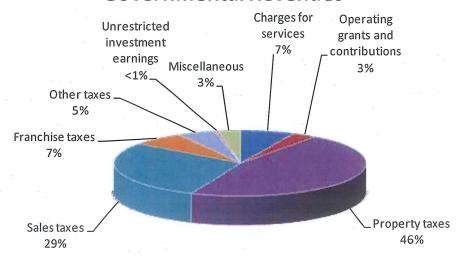
City of Port Lavaca, Texas
Changes in Net Position

	Govern	Governmental Bu		Busine	Business-type					
	Activ	vities		Activities		es		Total		
	2016	2015		2016		2015		2016		2015
REVENUES										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 608,227	\$ 603,814	\$	6,322,642	\$	6,558,643	\$	6,930,869	\$	7,162,457
Operating grants and										
contributions	273,077	364,996		2,000		-		275,077		364,996
Capital grants and										
contributions	-	32,894		45,625		37,000		45,625		69,894
General revenues:										
Property taxes	4,054,264	4,071,091		-		-		4,054,264		4,071,091
Sales taxes	2,510,153	2,809,977		-		-		2,510,153		2,809,977
Franchise taxes	587,153	615,800		-		-		587,153		615,800
Other taxes	427,960	538,290		-		-		427,960		538,290
Unrestricted investment										
earnings	42,964	29,459		38,787		13,563		81,751		43,022
Miscellaneous	254,054	245,554		-		-		254,054		245,554
Total revenues	8,757,852	9,311,875		6,409,054		6,609,206		15,166,906		15,921,081
EXPENSES										
General government	2,417,076	2,405,720		-		-		2,417,076		2,405,720
Public safety	3,200,259	3,292,483		-		-		3,200,259		3,292,483
Public works	1,592,784	1,374,483		-		-		1,592,784		1,374,483
Parks and recreation	697,230	685,084		-		-		697,230		685,084
Interest on long-term debt	53,809	60,841		-		-		53,809		60,841
Public utilities	-	-		4,452,538		4,614,845		4,452,538		4,614,845
Port commission	-	-		396,088		447,151		396,088		447,151
Beach operations	_	_		272,436		344,669		272,436		344,669
Total expenses	7,961,158	7,818,611		5,121,062		5,406,665		13,082,220		13,225,276
Change in net position before										
transfers	796,694	1,493,264		1,287,992		1,202,541		2,084,686		2,695,805
Transfers	269,501	864,500		(269,501)		(864,500)				
Change in net position	1,066,195	2,357,764		1,018,491		338,041		2,084,686		2,695,805
Net position - October 1	30,174,390	27,816,626	_	23,215,460		22,877,419		53,389,850	_	50,694,045
Net position - September 30	\$ 31,240,585	\$ 30,174,390	\$	24,233,951	\$	23,215,460	<u>\$</u>	55,474,536	\$	53,389,850

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - (Continued)

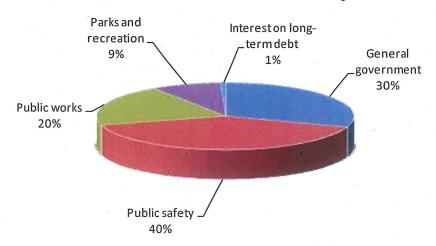
Graphic presentations of selected data from the summary tables follow to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.

Governmental Revenues



For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$8.8 million. Sales tax revenues decreased \$299,824 or 11% from fiscal year 2015.

Governmental Functional Expenses



For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$8 million. This is an increase of \$142,547 or 2% from fiscal year 2015.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - (Continued)

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,018,491. The key elements of this increase relate to the Public Utility Fund. The Public Utility Fund had an operating income for fiscal year 2016 of \$966,818.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As previously noted, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City's governmental funds are discussed below.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending for program purposes at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2016, the City's governmental funds, which consist of the General Fund, one debt service fund, one capital projects fund, and twelve special revenue funds, reported an ending fund balance of \$10,761,534, which is an increase of \$1,153,467 from last year's total of \$9,608,067.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. Its fund balance increased by \$699,105 during the fiscal year due mainly to revenue exceeding budget expectations and expenditures coming in less than expected. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 70% of total General Fund expenditures as compared to 55% in the prior year. The main reason for the increase in percentage is due to the same reasons explained above for the increase in overall fund balance.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Public Utility Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$4,582,954. The increase in total net position for the year was \$966,818. Net positions of the Port Commission Fund and the Beach Operating Fund both increased during the 2016 fiscal year by \$19,556 and \$32,117, respectively.

Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Total revenues earned were \$276,066 greater than budgeted expectations, with tax revenues making up \$138,999 or 50% of the positive variance. Sales tax made up 43% of the variance while property tax contributed to the 46% of the variance. Total intergovernmental revenue decreased 4% from prior year.

Total actual expenditures were under budgeted expenditures by \$563,826. Conservative budgetary practices resulted in positive budget variances as it relates to general government, public safety, parks and recreation, public works (including streets) departments.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS - (Continued)

Differences between the General Fund's original budget and final amended budget were a net increase of \$175,036 to expenditures. A few of the changes are briefly summarized as follows:

- An increase of \$31,000 in City Secretary department which consisted of an increase of \$20,000 in personnel services due to adding a full-time employee and an increase of \$11,000 in election costs due to the reprinting of ballots.
- An increase of \$427,125 in the street department which consisted of the following: Increase of \$93,000 in capital expenditures-building and improvements for the additional cost of building the Public Works Service Center Building; increase of \$9,671 in personnel services; increase of \$26,175 in sealcoat maintenance due to cost overrun; increase of \$8,645 in furniture and equipment purchased for the new Public Works Service Center Building; and an increase of \$20,310 in maintenance for repairing existing street equipment.
- An increase of \$21,246 in code enforcement department due to adding a new code enforcement officer and for additional contracted services.
- A net increase of \$6,000 in police expenditures due to additional personnel services and for unexpected repairs to buildings, vehicles, and trailers.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2016, amounts to \$46,363,926 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
City of Port Lavaca, Texas

		nmental vities	Business-type Activities		Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Non-Depreciable Assets						
Land	\$ 1,263,497	\$ 1,263,497	\$ 1,501,012	\$ 1,501,012	\$ 2,764,509	\$ 2,764,509
Construction in progress	232,595	1,544,000	337,301	355,573	569,896	1,899,573
Other Capital Assets						
Machinery and equipment	3,290,851	3,252,201	862,956	875,578	4,153,807	4,127,779
Buildings and structures	6,849,706	6,331,403	4,954,482	4,907,532	11,804,188	11,238,935
Infrastructure	31,396,424	30,261,710	42,013,219	41,227,774	73,409,643	71,489,484
Accumulated depreciation						
on other capital assets	(20,293,137)	(19,425,987)	(26,044,980)	(25,070,664)	(46,338,117)	(44,496,651)
Total	\$ 22,739,936	\$ 23,226,824	\$ 23,623,990	\$ 23,796,805	\$ 46,363,926	\$ 47,023,629

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included various infrastructure projects and the purchase of vehicles and equipment for governmental and business-type activities. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 in the notes to financial statements.

<u>CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION</u> - (Continued)

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonds, certificates of obligation, and capital lease obligations outstanding of \$8 million. The following table details the nature of this debt and other debt obligations of the City.

City of Port Lavaca, Texas

Long-term Debt

		nmental vities	Business-type Activities		Total		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Revenue bonds	\$ -	\$	\$ 2,965,000	\$ 3,355,000	\$ 2,965,000	\$ 3,355,000	
General obligation bonds	2,180,000	2,460,000	-	-	2,180,000	2,460,000	
Certificates of obligation	-	-	2,820,000	3,000,000	2,820,000	3,000,000	
Issuance discount	-	-	(27,774)	(28,460)	(27,774)	(28,460)	
Capital leases	89,837	132,094	-	-	89,837	132,094	
Compensated absences	105,383	171,185	17,114	13,331	122,497	184,516	
Safety pay	-	25,619	-	4,380	-	29,999	
Net pension liability	935,668	471,792	165,118	75,150	1,100,786	546,942	
Total	\$ 3,310,888	\$ 3,260,690	\$ 5,939,458	\$ 6,419,401	\$ 9,250,346	\$ 9,680,091	

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 10 in the notes to financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

General Fund

Although the City has been experiencing a steady growth in sales tax since 2010, sales tax revenue declined slightly in 2016. Even with the positive trend in sales tax over the prior years, the City continues to forecast sales tax revenue from an extremely conservative position. Property values remained relatively flat over prior year. A small increase in property tax revenue was a result of new property added to the tax roll.

The City approved a Five-Year Capital Plan that continues to focus on infrastructure upgrades and improvements to streets and parks based on a "pay as you go" philosophy. The City recently completed construction of a state of the art Public Works Service Center and finalized numerous improvements at several City Parks- notably the newly constructed Veteran's Memorial at Bayfront Peninsula Park. Fiscal Year 2016-2017 is primarily focused on improving existing amenities at Bayfront Peninsula Park by matching City funds with a grant from Texas Parks & Wildlife. Moreover, City Council recently approved funding for the acquisition of eight (8) undeveloped waterfront lots which are an integral component of the overall Waterfront Development Plan.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES - (Continued)

Utility Fund

The City has recently completed a water and wastewater rate study to help plan for future infrastructure needs. The consultant provided the City with various rate structure solutions. The study determined that the City needed to change the rate structure and increase the rates. City Council approved the first rate increase since 2008 in October 2013 and again in October 2016. In keeping with the consultant's recommendation, the next increase will occur in October 2019. This increase ensures debt service coverage for utility infrastructure repairs and replacements. Weather continues to be a factor for the Public Utility Fund. Forecasts of dry conditions will increase the demand for water this year, but is too early to project year end. Current water and sewer sales are on budget target.

Future plans include continuation of infrastructure replacement. The City has replaced many antiquated water lines by means of grants and Texas Water Development Board loans. Plans are to replace water lines and valves to increase water pressure, provide cleaner water, decrease water loss percentage, and reduce outages due to very old infrastructure. In keeping with the City's Five -Year Capital Plan, Bonorden sewer line and Smith Rd. water line has been completed. Other City projects include Commerce Street reconstruction, Colorado Street water line replacement and in fiscal year 2017-2018, the replacement of Center Street sewer lines.

Beach Fund

The City has added new playground equipment at Lighthouse Beach Park. The City also installed a 50' T-Head at the end of the fishing pier through a grant that was awarded by the General Land Office. This completed the fishing pier expansion project which brought the pier length to approximately 900'. The City plans to seek a grant to remove the abandoned pier that was replaced. Continuing with improvements at Lighthouse Beach Park, there will be an addition of six (6) concrete pads for trailers and the existing boat ramp will be upgraded to include boater access to the ramp. Adding more RV spaces in the park are under consideration.

Port Commission

The City of Port Lavaca, in partnership with Calhoun Port Authority, recently completed maintenance dredging of the Matagorda Ship Channel and the Harbor of Refuge. Operations at the Harbor of Refuge continue to expand with increases in both barge and truck traffic due to Eagle Ford Shale related activities. In addition, the City is addressing infrastructure improvements and repairs that include breakwater, bulkhead, dock, and roads, to accommodate future growth and activity at Harbor of Refuge, City Harbor and City Marina.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Port Lavaca: Sandra Mason, Finance Director, 202 North Virginia, Port Lavaca, Texas 77979.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2016

ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,199,382	\$ 6,294,870	\$ 15,494,252
Investments	490,000	746,190	1,236,190
Receivables (net)	710,484	685,230	1,395,714
Due from other governments	426,678	2,000	428,678
Internal balances	846,800	(846,800)	-
Prepaid items	45,717	67,122	112,839
Inventory	_	28,329	28,329
Total current assets	11,719,061	6,976,941	18,696,002
Noncurrent assets Capital assets			
Land and other assets not being depreciated	1,496,092	1,838,313	3,334,405
Assets being depreciated (net)	21,243,844	21,785,677	43,029,521
Total noncurrent assets	22,739,936	23,623,990	46,363,926
Total assets	34,458,997	30,600,931	65,059,928
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflow related to TMRS	681,661	118,926	800,587
Deferred amount on refunding	79,867	119,654	199,521
Total deferred outflows of resources	761,528	238,580	1,000,108

LIABILITIES	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 165,448	\$ 310,858	\$ 476,306
Payroll related liabilities	162,187	30,826	193,013
Accrued interest payable	5,577	27,418	32,995
Other payables	58,143	11,673	69,816
Due to other governments	25,343	4,103	29,446
Accrued compensated absences	35,830	6,675	42,505
Unearned revenue	64,041	33,101	97,142
Customer deposits	18,944	220,834	239,778
Current portion of long-term obligations	329,007	735,000	1,064,007
Total current liabilities	864,520	1,380,488	2,245,008
Noncurrent liabilities			
Accrued compensated absences	69,553	10,439	79,992
Net pension liability	935,668	165,118	1,100,786
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	1,940,830	5,022,226	6,963,056
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,946,051	5,197,783	8,143,834
Total liabilities	3,810,571	6,578,271	10,388,842
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflow related to TMRS	169,369	27,289	196,658
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	20,549,966	17,986,418	38,536,384
Debt service	153,522	-	153,522
Economic development, tourism and conventions	1,060,041	-	1,060,041
Public safety	82,009	-	82,009
Municipal court	26,408	-	26,408
Unrestricted	9,368,639	6,247,533	15,616,172
Total net position	\$ 31,240,585	\$ 24,233,951	\$ 55,474,536

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2016

		Program Revenues				
			Operating	Capital		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		
Function/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		
Governmental activities						
General government	\$ 2,417,076	\$ 337,865	\$ -	\$ -		
Public safety	3,200,259	183,232	273,077	-		
Public works	1,592,784	-	-	_		
Parks and recreation	697,230	87,130	-	-		
Interest on long-term debt	53,809	_				
Total governmental activities	7,961,158	608,227	273,077			
Business-type activities						
Public utilities	4,452,538	5,586,184	-	45,625		
Port commission	396,088	425,986	2,000	-		
Beach operations	272,436	310,472		_		
Total business-type activities	5,121,062	6,322,642	2,000	45,625		
Total government	\$ 13,082,220	\$ 6,930,869	\$ 275,077	\$ 45,625		

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

*********		Business-		
G	overnmental	type		
	Activities	Activities		Total
\$	(2,079,211)	\$ -	\$	(2,079,211)
	(2,743,950)	-		(2,743,950)
	(1,592,784)	-		(1,592,784)
	(610,100)	<u>-</u>		(610,100)
	(53,809)	 		(53,809)
	(7,079,854)	 -		(7,079,854)
	_	1,179,271		1,179,271
	_	31,898		31,898
	_	38,036		38,036
	-	 1,249,205		1,249,205
	(7,079,854)	 1,249,205	***************************************	(5,830,649)
	3,726,328	_		3,726,328
	327,936	_		327,936
	2,510,153	-		2,510,153
	587,153	-		587,153
	427,960	-		427,960
	42,964	38,787		81,751
	254,054	-		254,054
	269,501	 (269,501)		
	8,146,049	 (230,714)		7,915,335
	1,066,195	1,018,491		2,084,686
	30,174,390	23,215,460		53,389,850
\$	31,240,585	\$ 24,233,951	\$	55,474,536

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2016

ASSETS	 General	<u>Co</u>	Street enstruction	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net) Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaid items Total assets	\$ 7,017,149 490,000 567,809 426,283 885,233 45,717 9,432,191	\$	949,666 - - - - - 949,666	\$	1,232,567 - 142,675 395 - - 1,375,637	\$	9,199,382 490,000 710,484 426,678 885,233 45,717 11,757,494
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Payroll related payables Other payables Due to other governments Due to other funds Customer and other deposits Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ 156,877 161,111 58,143 25,343 - 18,944 64,041 484,459	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	8,571 1,076 - - 38,433 - - 48,080	\$	165,448 162,187 58,143 25,343 38,433 18,944 64,041 532,539
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue Total deferred inflows of resources	 445,393 445,393		<u>-</u>		18,028 18,028		463,421 463,421
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	 \$ 45,717 - 3,534,329 4,922,293 8,502,339 9,432,191		949,666 949,666	 \$	1,309,529 - - 1,309,529 1,375,637	\$	45,717 1,309,529 4,483,995 4,922,293 10,761,534

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
September 30, 2016

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 10,761,534
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as "unavailable" in the funds.		391,854
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (for example, receivables) are offset by unavailable revenues in the governmental funds and thus are not included in fund balance.		71,567
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The governmental capital assets at year-end consist of:		
Governmental capital assets costs Accumulated depreciation of governmental capital assets	\$ 43,033,073 (20,293,137)	22,739,936
Deferred outflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds: Deferred amount on refunding Pension contributions after measurement date Change in actuarial assumptions used to determine pension liability Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets	79,867 134,331 52,077 495,253	761,528
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Bonds payable	(2,180,000)	
Capital leases payable	(89,837)	
Accrued interest payable	(5,577)	
Compensated absences	(105,383)	
Net pension liability	(935,668)	(3,316,465)
Deferred inflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds:		(169,369)
Difference in expected and actual pension experience		(109,309)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 31,240,585

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2016

REVENUES		General	_Cc	Street	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Taxes								
Ad valorem	\$	3,706,583	\$	-	\$	325,121	\$	4,031,704
Sales		2,510,153		-		-		2,510,153
Other		611,399		-		403,714		1,015,113
Fines, fees, and forfeitures		317,651		-		190,696		508,347
Intergovernmental		258,107		-		14,970		273,077
Licenses and permits		109,637		-		-		109,637
Investment		36,208		1,844		4,912		42,964
Rental		87,130		-		-		87,130
Charges for services		2,744		-		-		2,744
Miscellaneous		71,990		_		91,070	-	163,060
Total revenues		7,711,602		1,844		1,030,483		8,743,929
Current General government Public safety Public works Parks and recreation Capital outlay Debt service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	_	2,192,038 2,870,529 1,190,259 738,490		- - - 88,715 - -		238,674 217,479 - - - 280,000 47,396		2,430,712 3,088,008 1,190,259 738,490 88,715 280,000 47,396
Total expenditures		6,991,316		88,715		783,549		7,863,580
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		720,286		(86,871)		246,934		880,349
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		550,988		558,125		17,661		1,126,774
Transfers out		(575,786)		-		(281,487)		(857,273)
Sale of capital assets	_	3,617				-		3,617
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(21,181)		558,125		(263,826)		273,118
Net change in fund balances		699,105		471,254		(16,892)		1,153,467
Fund balances at beginning of year		7,803,234		478,412		1,326,421		9,608,067
Fund balances at end of year	\$	8,502,339	\$	949,666	\$	1,309,529	\$	10,761,534

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended September 30, 2016

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$	1,153,467
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Increase in capital assets	\$ 443,827		
Depreciation expense	 (915,803)		(471,976)
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, tradeins, transfers, and contributions) is to increase (decrease) net position.			(14,912)
Current year payments on long-term debt are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they serve to reduce long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In the current year, these amounts consist of:			
Bond principal retirement	280,000		
Capital lease principal retirement	 42,257		322,257
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Similarly, other revenues are not currently available at year-end and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.			
Property taxes	19,918		
Other revenues	 5,301		25,219
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:			
Decrease in compensated absences	65,802		
Decrease in loss on bond refunding	(10,258)		
Decrease in safety pay	25,619		
Decrease in accrued interest	3,845		
Net pension costs	(32,868)	-	52,140
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	1,066,195

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Public Utility	Port Commission	Beach Operating	Total	
ASSETS			<u></u>		
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,612,019	\$ 1,072,912	\$ 609,939	\$ 6,294,870	
Investments	746,190	-	-	746,190	
Receivables (net)	672,220	12,559	451	685,230	
Due from other governments	-	2,000	-	2,000	
Prepaid items	60,560	4,906	1,656	67,122	
Inventory	28,329			28,329	
Total current assets	6,119,318	1,092,377	612,046	7,823,741	
Noncurrent assets					
Capital assets					
Land and other assets not being depreciated	460,866	1,103,634	273,813	1,838,313	
Assets being depreciated (net)	16,485,602	3,495,653	1,804,422	21,785,677	
Net noncurrent assets	16,946,468	4,599,287	2,078,235	23,623,990	
Total assets	23,065,786	5,691,664	2,690,281	31,447,731	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflow related to TMRS	118,926	_	_	118,926	
Deferred amount on refunding	119,654	_	_	119,654	
Total deferred outflows of resources	238,580	_	_	238,580	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities	200 700	0.004	40.000	240.050	
Accounts payable	288,798	9,994 826	12,066	310,858	
Payroll related liabilities Accrued interest payable	30,000 21,433	5,985	-	30,826 27,418	
Other payables	11,673	5,905	_	11,673	
Due to other governments	4,103	_		4,103	
Due to other funds	846,800	_	_	846,800	
Accrued compensated absences	6,675	_	_	6,675	
Unearned revenue	23,478	9,623	_	33,101	
Customer deposits	219,484	850	500	220,834	
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			,	
Bonds and certificates	655,000	80,000		735,000	
Total current liabilities	2,107,444	107,278	12,566	2,227,288	
Long-term liabilities, net of current portion	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>			
Accrued compensated absences	10,439	_	-	10,439	
Net pension liability	165,118	_	_	165,118	
Bonds and certificates (net of unamortized	,			,	
deferred amounts)	3,897,226	1,125,000		5,022,226	
Total long-term liabilities	4,072,783	1,125,000	_	5,197,783	
Total liabilities	6,180,227	1,232,278	12,566	7,425,071	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
	27 280			27 280	
Deferred inflow related to TMRS	27,289			27,289	
NET POSITION	10 510 000	2 204 207	2 070 225	17 006 440	
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	12,513,896 4,582,954	3,394,287 1,065,099	2,078,235 599,480	17,986,418 6,247,533	
	\$ 17,096,850	\$ 4,459,386		\$ 24,233,951	
Total net position	φ 17,090,000	<u>ψ 4,408,300</u>	\$ 2,677,715	ψ ∠4,∠33,331	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Public	Port	Beach			
	Utility	Commission	Operating	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services						
Water sales	\$ 2,545,559	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,545,559		
Sewer services	2,018,134	-	-	2,018,134		
Waste collection	757,453	-	-	757,453		
Tap and service fees	95,773	-	-	95,773		
Gate fees	-	-	65,519	65,519		
Leases and rentals	-	425,706	239,466	665,172		
Penalties	102,947	-	-	102,947		
Miscellaneous	66,318	280	5,487	72,085		
Total operating revenues	5,586,184	425,986	310,472	6,322,642		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services	857,568	15,588	36	873,192		
Materials and supplies	63,911	1,895	1,822	67,628		
Services	1,159,091	67,092	124,552	1,350,735		
Water purchases	1,186,049	, -	-	1,186,049		
Maintenance and repairs	311,141	32,498	23,353	366,992		
Depreciation and amortization	643,351	230,540	116,041	989,932		
Miscellaneous	54,244	<u>-</u>	6,632	60,876		
Total operating expenses	4,275,355	347,613	272,436	4,895,404		
Operating income (loss)	1,310,829	78,373	38,036	1,427,238		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Noncapital grants and contributions	-	2,000	-	2,000		
Investment income	32,548	4,158	2,081	38,787		
Interest expense	(177,183)	(48,475)		(225,658)		
Net nonoperating revenues	(144,635)	(42,317)	<u>2,081</u>	(184,871)		
Income before capital contributions						
and transfers	1,166,194	36,056	40,117	1,242,367		
Capital grants and contributions	45,625	-	_	45,625		
Transfers out	(245,001)	(16,500)	(8,000)	(269,501)		
Change in net position	966,818	19,556	32,117	1,018,491		
Total net position at beginning of year	16,130,032	4,439,830	2,645,598	23,215,460		
Total net position at end of year	\$ 17,096,850	\$ 4,459,386	\$ 2,677,715	\$ 24,233,951		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Public	Port	Beach		
	Utility	Commission	Operating	Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Cash received from customers	\$ 5,691,364	\$ 425,964	\$ 310,370	\$ 6,427,698	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(2,863,533)	(102,929)	(166,139)	(3,132,601)	
Cash payments to employees for services	(835,068)	(15,498)	(36)	(850,602)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,992,763	307,537	144,195	2,444,495	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES:					
Borrowings from other funds	-	251,074	223,584	474,658	
Borrowings to other funds	(1,118,018)	-	-	(1,118,018)	
Transfers to other funds	(245,001)	(16,500)	(8,000)	(269,501)	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital					
financing activities	(1,363,019)	234,574	215,584	(912,861)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Acquisition of capital assets	(767,174)	-	(46,949)	(814,123)	
Receipts from capital grants and contributions	45,625	-	_	45,625	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	649	-	-	649	
Principal paid on capital debt	(495,000)	(75,000)	-	(570,000)	
Interest paid on capital debt	(179,106)	(48,847)	_	(227,953)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital					
financing activities	(1,395,006)	(123,847)	(46,949)	(1,565,802)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchase of investments	(245,000)	-	-	(245,000)	
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	
Investment income	30,713	4,158	2,081	36,952	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	785,713	4,158	2,081	791,952	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	20,451	422,422	314,911	757,784	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	4,591,568	650,490	295,028	5,537,086	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 4,612,019	\$ 1,072,912	\$ 609,939	\$ 6,294,870	

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				de .		
						unc	<u> </u>
	Public		<u></u>	Port mmission	Beach	Tatal	
		Utility	<u> </u>	111111551011	 perating		Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET							
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Operating income	\$	1,310,829	\$	78,373	\$ 38,036	\$	1,427,238
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net							
cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		643,351		230,540	116,041		989,932
Change in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		99,433		(184)	(2)		99,247
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense		(50,522)		496	167		(49,859)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(624)		-	-		(624)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow related							
to TMRS		(81,886)		-	-		(81,886)
Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables		(37,814)		(1,940)	(9,947)		(49,701)
Increase (decrease) in payroll related liabilities		11,818		90	-		11,908
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments		(137)		-	-		(137)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		3,783		-	-		3,783
Increase (decrease) in safety pay		(4,380)		-	-		(4,380)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		89,968		-	-		89,968
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		5,797		(88)	-		5,709
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		(50)		250	(100)		100
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow related							
to TMRS		3,197		_	 -		3,197
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,992,763	\$	307,537	\$ 144,195	\$	2,444,495

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2016

	Fireman's Relief and Retirement Fund	Police Seized Nonforfeiture Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 150	\$ 78,817
Total assets	150	\$ 78,817
LIABILITIES		
Due to others	<u> </u>	\$ 78,817
Total liabilities		\$ 78,817
NET POSITION		
Restricted for payment of pension benefits	150	
Total net position	<u>\$ 150</u>	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND For the year ended September 30, 2016

	Fireman's Relief and Retirement Fund
ADDITIONS Employer contributions	\$ 3,025
Employer contributions	φ 3,023
DEDUCTIONS Benefits	2,875
Change in net position	150
Net position at beginning of year	
Net position at end of year	<u>\$ 150</u>

CITY OF PORT LAVACA, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2016

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Port Lavaca, Texas (the "City"), was incorporated January 31, 1956, under a home rule charter. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City Council consists of the mayor and six council members. The City provides services related to the following: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, health and welfare, culture and recreation, economic development, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, the City's management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*. Under these guidelines, the reporting entity consists of the primary government (all funds of the City), organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and any other organization for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion could cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Entities other than the primary government that are included in the primary government's financial statements are called component units. No legally separate organizations met the necessary criteria for inclusion as component units for the year ended September 30, 2016.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when transactions occur and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales taxes, franchise taxes, fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Project Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or other capital assets. Capital Project Funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The City has one Capital Project Fund and is reported as a major fund. The Street Construction Fund accounts for the funding of street improvements by the use of bond proceeds or by funds from other governmental funds.

The City reports the following major enterprise (proprietary) funds:

The Public Utility Fund accounts for the activities of the City related to its provision of water, wastewater, and sanitation services.

The Port Commission Fund accounts for the harbor and port activities of the City.

The Beach Operating Fund accounts for the revenues and expenses related to the operation of the City's Lighthouse Beach and adjacent RV park.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Pension Trust Fund - The Fireman's Relief and Retirement Fund accounts for the accumulation and payment of retirement benefits to the City's eligible retired volunteer firefighters.

Agency Fund - The Police Seized Nonforfeiture Fund accounts for assets seized by the City's police department in various law enforcement actions prior to disposition of the assets by court authorities.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - (Continued)

The proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The fund equity is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Public Utility Fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost connecting new customers to the water system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

As set forth in the City Charter, the City Council legally adopts an annual budget for the General Fund and the Debt Service Funds. The budgets for these governmental funds are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments of individual funds; however, any revisions that alter the total departmental expenditures/expenses must be approved by the City Council. Therefore, the legal level of budgetary control is at the departmental level. Each fund other than the General Fund is defined as its own department. All encumbered and unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

E. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City may invest excess funds in any instruments authorized by its adopted investment policy. The City's authorized investment options are more restrictive than those allowed under the Public Funds Investment Act of Texas. Investments authorized under the City's investment policy include the following: Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities which have a liquid market with a readily determinable market value; direct obligations of the State of Texas and agencies thereof; other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by the State of Texas or United States of America; obligations of the State, agencies thereof, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm, and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; certificates of deposit of state or national banks domiciled in Texas, guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by obligations previously mentioned; fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements with a defined termination date secured by obligations of the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities pledged with a third party; and certain joint pools of political subdivisions in the State of Texas that invest in instruments and follow practices allowed by current law.

The City reports its investments at fair value in the accompanying financial statements.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All receivables are reported net of an applicable allowance for uncollectibles. Allowance accounts related to trade accounts receivable are based upon management estimates. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 5% of outstanding property taxes at September 30, 2016.

The Calhoun County Appraisal District bills and collects property taxes for the City. These taxes are levied on October 1st of each year and are payable by the following January 31st, at which time penalties and interest charges are assessed on unpaid balances. An enforceable lien on property is attached on all ad valorem taxes unpaid as of January 1st following the year of levy.

G. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased, and no material amounts of inventory were held by these funds as of year-end. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are recorded when purchased rather than when consumed.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, drainage systems, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide statement of net position. Except for infrastructure assets, the City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Infrastructure assets are capitalized if their cost exceeds \$100,000. Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the lives of assets are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current year, the Public Utility Fund capitalized \$0 of interest expense.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	5-50
Public Domain Infrastructure	50-75
Utility System Infrastructure	20-75
Machinery and Equipment	5-10

I. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate vacation and sick pay benefits. Unused vacation benefits are reported in the accompanying financial statements according to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16. Earned but unused sick pay benefits are not recorded as liabilities as the City's policy for payment of these benefits excludes them based on the applicable GASB and FASB pronouncements.

J. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in enterprise funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount on the statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources which follows the asset section. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One is the deferred amount on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred amount on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is the deferred amount calculated in the actuarial pension study required by GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" (GASB No. 68) and the current year pension payments reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that are considered deferred inflows of resources. One of the items arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and this item, unavailable revenue. is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from a variety of sources and are further defined in Note 4. The other item that qualifies for reporting as a deferred inflow of resources is calculated in the actuarial pension study required by GASB No. 68. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Information regarding the City's pension liability is obtained from TMRS through a report prepared for the City by TMRS consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company (GRS), in compliance with GASB No. 68.

M. Fund Balance Policies

The following fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because of their form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained in tact;
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government) through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can
 be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body
 delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

Fund balance classifications depict the nature of the net resources that are reported in a governmental fund. An individual governmental fund may include non-spendable resources and amounts that are restricted, committed, assigned, or any combination of those classifications. In addition, the General Fund may also include an unassigned amount.

Commitments will only be used for specific purposes pursuant to a formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the City Council. The action to commit funds must occur prior to fiscal year-end, to report such commitments in the balance sheet of the respective period, even though the amount may be determined subsequent to fiscal year-end. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City Council taking the same formal action that originally imposed the constraint.

The City Council delegates the responsibility to assign funds not to exceed \$25,000 to the City Manager or their designee to be used for specific purposes. City Council shall have the authority to assign any amount of funds to be used for specific purposes. Such assignments cannot exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any particular fund. The assignments may occur subsequent to fiscal year-end.

N. Net Position Flow Assumptions

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it shall be the policy of the City to consider restricted amounts to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it shall be the policy of the City that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

O. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The City will maintain a minimum fund balance in its General Fund equal to 180 days of the operating expenditures and a policy to maintain an unassigned fund balance of no less than 120 days of operating expenditures as to provide operating liquidity and contingency funding for non-specific unscheduled expenditures such as natural disasters or major unexpected expenditures. In the event that the unassigned fund balance is calculated to be less than the policy stipulates, the City shall plan to adjust budget resources in subsequent fiscal years to restore the balance.

The City also has a goal to maintain a working capital position equal to 120 days of the operating budget and a policy to maintain a working capital position no less than 90 days of the operating budget in the enterprise funds. Refer to Note 12 which addresses the policy set by the Council for the enterprise funds.

P. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of the government-wide and fund financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the City to make estimates and assessments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Compliance

There were several situations of expenditures exceeding the amount appropriated during the fiscal year 2015-2016.

Fund Name- Department	Final Budget		 Actual		Negative /ariance
General Fund Animal control Transfers out 2012 GO Refunding Bonds Fund	\$	111,906 570,125	\$ 112,674 575,786	\$	768 5,661
Debt Service		327,300	327,396		96

These over expenditures were funded by available fund balance in the General and Debt Service Funds.

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. All deposits of the City that exceeded the federal depository insurance coverage level of \$250,000 per account were covered by collateral by the Federal Reserve Bank in the City's name under a collateral agreement with the First National Bank of Port Lavaca. The market value of the collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the City's name at fiscal year-end was \$5,730,600.

At September 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$5,369,133 and the respective bank balances totaled \$5,504,727. The City's cash on hand totaled \$2,225.

Investments

The City may invest its excess funds in any instruments authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act of Texas. Investments authorized under this Act include, but are not limited to, the following: Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit issued by a state or financial institution domiciled in the State of Texas which is guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or otherwise secured; and certain repurchase agreements. For additional information see the City of Port Lavaca investment policy at www.portlavaca.org.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

As of September 30, 2016, the City had the following investments:

				nts L	Using			
Investment Type	F	air Value	Le\	/el 1	 Level 2		Level 3	
Agency Notes/Bonds Certificates of Deposits Corporate Bonds	\$	501,190 490,000 245,000	\$	- -	\$ 501,190 490,000 245,000	\$		-
Total	\$	1,236,190	\$	_	\$ 1,236,190	\$		_

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

<u>Investments</u> - (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio for investments to less than one year from the time of purchase. To the extent possible, the City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirement and maintain additional liquidity for unexpected liabilities.

As of September 30, 2016, the City's investments had the following maturities:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)								
Investment Type	F	air Value	Less nan 1	1-5		6-10		_	More than 10		
Agency Notes/Bonds Certificates of Deposits Corporate Bonds	\$	501,190 490,000 245,000	\$ 	\$	501,190 490,000 245,000	\$	-	- - <u>-</u>	\$	- - -	
Total	\$	1,236,190	\$ _	\$	1,236,190	\$		_	\$	_	

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the City's policy to limit its investments to those with ratings of not less than A or its equivalent.

At September 30, 2016, the City's investments had the following quality ratings:

		 Quality Ratings										
Investment Type	 Fair Value	 AAA		AA	_	A			Unrated			
Agency Notes/Bonds Certificates of Deposits Corporate Bonds	\$ 501,190 490,000 245,000	\$ 501,190 - -	\$	- - -	\$		- - -	\$	490,000 245,000			
Total	\$ 1,236,190	\$ 501,190	\$	_	\$		_	\$	735,000			

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity or specific user. At year-end, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that securities be held in the name of the City or held on behalf of the City and that all securities are purchased using the delivery versus payment method. As of September 30, 2016, and for the year then ended, the City was not exposed to any custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4: RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Public	Port	Beach	Nonmajor	
	General	Utility	Commission	Operating	Funds	Total
Receivables:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 483,153	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,977	\$ 502,130
Franchise taxes	80,977	-	-	-	-	80,977
Municipal court fines	111,496	-	-	-	-	111,496
Charges for services	158,192	683,126	11,480	-	-	852,798
Occupancy taxes	-	_	_	-	124,647	124,647
Miscellaneous	41,439	1,606	2,134	451	_	45,630
Gross receivables	875,257	684,732	13,614	451	143,624	1,717,678
Less: Allowance for						
uncollectibles	(307,448)	(12,512)	(1,055)		(949)	(321,964)
Net total receivables	<u>\$ 567,809</u>	\$ 672,220	<u>\$ 12,559</u>	<u>\$ 451</u>	<u>\$ 142,675</u>	<u>\$ 1,395,714</u>

The City is permitted by a local charter to levy taxes up to limits set by the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas. Currently, the State of Texas does not set limits on the rate at which ad valorem taxes may be assessed. The combined tax rate for the year ended September 30, 2016, was \$0.75 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and payable by the following January 31, which comprises the collection dates for the current tax roll. The Calhoun County Appraisal District bills, collects, and remits daily all ad valorem taxes.

The City's governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Uı	<u>navailable</u>	_Uı	nearned	 Total
General Fund					
Ad valorem taxes	\$	373,826	\$	-	\$ 373,826
Charges for services		15,819		64,041	79,860
Municipal court fines		55,748		-	55,748
Nonmajor Funds					
Ad valorem taxes		18,028		_	 18,028
	\$	463,421	\$	64,041	\$ 527,462

NOTE 5: DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Various funds of the City reported amounts due from other governments as of the end of the current fiscal year. These amounts are comprised of the following at September 30, 2016:

	General		Port		Noi	nmajor	
f		Fund	Commission		_Funds		Total
Sales taxes	\$	420,340	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 420,340
Property taxes		5,943		-		395	6,338
Grant reimbursements		_		2,000		_	 2,000
	\$	426,283	\$	2,000	\$	395	\$ 428,678

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital asset activity of the City was as follows for the year ended September 30, 2016:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions/ Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,263,497	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,263,497
Construction in progress	1,544,000	341,613	(1,653,018)	232,595
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,807,497	341,613	(1,653,018)	1,496,092
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Machinery and equipment	3,252,201	102,215	(63,565)	3,290,851
Buildings and structures	6,331,403	518,303	_	6,849,706
Infrastructure	30,261,710	1,134,714		31,396,424
Total capital assets being depreciated	39,845,314	1,755,232	(63,565)	41,536,981
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Machinery and equipment	(2,231,280)	(283,660)	48,653	(2,466,287)
Buildings and structures	(3,165,957)	(175,119)	-	(3,341,076)
Infrastructure	(14,028,750)	(457,024)		(14,485,774)
Total accumulated depreciation	(19,425,987)	(915,803)	48,653	(20,293,137)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	20,419,327	839,429	(14,912)	21,243,844
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 23,226,824	\$ 1,181,042	\$ (1,667,930)	\$ 22,739,936

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions/ Fransfers		Ending Balance
Business-type activities								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,501,012	\$, -	\$	-	\$	1,501,012
Construction in progress		355,573		701,310		(719,582)		337,301
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,856,585	-	701,310		(719,582)		1,838,313
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Machinery and equipment		875,578		-		(12,622)		862,956
Buildings and structures		4,907,532		46,950		-		4,954,482
Infrastructure		41,227,774		785,445				42,013,219
Total capital assets being depreciated		47,010,884		832,395		(12,622)		47,830,657
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Machinery and equipment		(578,746)		(85,643)		11,973		(652,416)
Buildings and structures		(2,947,849)		(135,955)		-		(3,083,804)
Infrastructure		(21,544,069)		(764,691)				(22,308,760)
Total accumulated depreciation		(25,070,664)		(986,289)		11,973		(26,044,980)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		21,940,220		(153,894)		(649)	_	21,785,677
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	23,796,805	<u>\$</u>	547,416	<u>\$</u>	(720,231)	\$	23,623,990
Depreciation expense was charged to function Governmental activities:	s/pro	grams of the	e Cit	y as follows	s:			00.000
General government						\$		26,880
Public safety Public works								216,320 511,796
Parks and recreation								160,807
		_				\$		915,803
Total depreciation expense - governmental act	iville	5				<u>Ψ</u>		910,003
Business-type activities:						•		000 700
Public Utility						\$		639,708
Port Commission								230,540
Beach Operating						_		116,041
Total depreciation expense - business-type act	ivitie	S				<u>\$</u>		986,289

NOTE 7: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

At times during the fiscal year the various funds of the City were involved in transactions that created interfund receivable and payable balances. These transactions related to such things as the purchase of goods by one fund on behalf of another and the receipt of revenue in one fund that belongs to or is designated for another fund. Interfund receivable and payable balances as of September 30, 2016, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Public Utility Nonmajor Special Revenue	\$ 846,800 38,433
		\$ 885,233

B. Interfund Transfers

Each year various funds of the City transfer funds to other funds. Besides planned transfers from the Public Utility Fund to the General Fund, the most significant transfers were from the General Fund to the Street Construction Fund, a major capital projects fund, in the amount of \$558,125. Also in fiscal year 2016, the Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund, a nonmajor special revenue fund made transfers to the General Fund during the fiscal year that totaled \$225,000, and were made to cover the continued costs of the City. During the current fiscal year, transfers between funds consisted of the following:

		Transfers In										
			Street									
	Gen	eral_	Const.	_N	onmajor		Total					
Transfers out												
General	\$	-	\$ 558,125	\$	17,661	\$	575,786					
Public Utility	24	5,001	-		-		245,001					
Port Commission	1	6,500	-		-		16,500					
Beach Operating		8,000	-		-		8,000					
Nonmajor	28	1,487			_		281,487					
	<u>\$ 55</u>	0,988	<u>\$ 558,125</u>	\$	17,661	<u>\$</u>	1,126,774					

NOTE 8: LEASE OBLIGATIONS

A. Capital Lease

The City has entered into lease agreements to finance a fire truck. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	vernmental Activities
Machinery and equipment	
Other equipment	\$ 309,776
	309,776
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (165,214)
	\$ 144,562

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2016, were as follows:

Year Ending	Goverr	nmental
September 30	Activ	vities
2017	\$	47,762
2018		47,762
Total minimum lease payments		95,524
Less: Amount representing interest		(5,687)
Present value of minimum lease payments		89,837

B. Operating Lease

The City has entered into a lease agreement for a red light camera system that is used to enforce various traffic laws within the City. The agreement was signed on February 20, 2008 and the first citation was issued in late 2008 or early 2009 which established the beginning of the five-year lease period. The lease was extended for two additional two year periods and will expire on January 29, 2018. The lease agreement provides for future minimum rental payments as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30	
2017	\$ 292,200
2018	 97,400
	\$ 389,600

Rental expenditures in 2016 were \$170,526. The City does not have the option to purchase the leased system at the expiration of the lease terms.

NOTE 9: LESSOR AGREEMENTS

The Port Commission Fund leases dock frontage and harbor rights to various unrelated third parties. Substantially all of the Fund's capital assets are leased to third parties. Following is an analysis of minimum future rentals due the Port Commission Fund under noncancelable lease agreements as of September 30, 2016:

Year Ending	
September 30	
2017	\$ 57,002
2018	26,415
2019	18,000
2020	18,000
2021	 18,000
	137,417
Thereafter	 18,000
	\$ 155,417

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	_		Reductions		Ending Balance		ue Within Ine Year
Governmental activities								
Bonds payable:								
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,460,000	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	280,000	\$ 2,180,000	<u>\$</u>	285,000
Net bonds payable	2,460,000		-		280,000	2,180,000		285,000
Capital leases	132,094		-		42,257	89,837		44,007
Compensated absences	171,185		95,047		160,849	105,383		35,830
Safety pay	25,619		-		25,619	-		_
Net pension liability	471,792		463,876		_	935,668		_
Total governmental activity								
long-term liabilities	\$ 3,260,690	\$	558,923	\$	508,725	\$ 3,310,888	\$	364,837
Business-type activities								
Bonds and certificates payable	:							
Revenue bonds	\$ 3,355,000	\$	-	\$	390,000	\$ 2,965,000	\$	430,000
Certificates	3,000,000		-		180,000	2,820,000		305,000
Less deferred amounts:								
Issuance discounts	(28,460)		_		(686)	(27,774)		_
Net bonds and certificates	6,326,540		-		569,314	5,757,226		735,000
Compensated absences	13,331		27,046		23,263	17,114		6,675
Safety pay	4,380		-		4,380	-		-
Net pension liability	75,150		89,968		_	165,118		
Total business-type activity								
long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 6,419,401</u>	\$	117,014	\$	596,957	\$ 5,939,458	\$	741,675

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

A. Changes in Long-term Liabilities - (Continued)

Compensated absences and safety pay are generally liquidated by the General Fund for the governmental activities.

B. General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation debt to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

General obligation bonds at September 30, 2016, was comprised of the following individual issue:

\$2,945,000 Series 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$60,000 to \$320,000 through February 15, 2024; interest fixed at 2.03%.

\$ 2,180,000

Total Bonds

\$ 2,180,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities						
September 30		Principal		Interest		Total		
2017	\$	285,000	\$	41,361	\$	326,361		
2018		290,000		35,525		325,525		
2019	300,000			29,537		329,537		
2020	300,000			23,447		323,447		
2021		305,000		17,306		322,306		
2022-2024		700,000		16,037		716,037		
	\$	2,180,000	\$	163,213	\$	2,343,213		

NOTE 10: LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

C. Revenue Bonds and Certificates

Revenue bonds and certificates payable were comprised of the following individual issues at September 30, 2016:

\$2,265,000 Series 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$345,000 to \$350,000 through February 15, 2018; interest rates varying of 2.83%.	\$	695,000
\$1,535,000 Series 2004 Certificates of Obligation, issued through the Texas Water Development Board, due in annual installments ranging from \$90,000 to \$125,000 through February 15, 2024; interest rates varying between 2.00% and 3.55%.		850,000
\$2,680,000 Series 2007 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$85,000 to \$555,000 through February 15, 2022; interest rates varying between 4.00% and 4.50%.	:	2,270,000
\$925,000 Series 2007 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments ranging from \$115,000 to \$140,000 through February 15, 2022; interest rate of 4.00%.		765,000
\$1,700,000 Series 2008 Combination Tax and Surplus Harbor System Revenue Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments ranging from \$80,000 to \$125,000 through Feburary 15, 2028; interest rate of 3.93%.		1,205,000
Total Revenue Bonds and Certificates	\$	5.785,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above listed revenue bonds and certificates are as follows:

September 30	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2017	\$ 735,000	\$ 204,538	\$ 939,538
2018	755,000	179,525	934,525
2019	795,000	151,485	946,485
2020	830,000	119,864	949,864
2021	860,000	86,864	946,864
2022-2026	1,565,000	134,654	1,699,654
2027-2028	 245,000	 9,727	 254,727
	\$ 5,785,000	\$ 886,657	\$ 6,671,657

The revenues of the Public Utility Fund and the Port Commission Fund are pledged for the repayment of debt reported by those funds. The City complied in all material respects with the various covenants applicable to its long-term debt agreements for the year ending September 30, 2016.

As of September 30, 2016, the \$5,785,000 balance on the revenue bonds and certificates is detailed as follows according to the purpose of their issuance: \$3,148,750 or 54% water system improvements, \$1,431,250 or 25% wastewater system improvements, and \$1,205,000 or 21% harbor system improvements.

NOTE 11: PRIOR YEAR DEFEASANCE OF DEBT

In prior years, the City defeased certain revenue and refunding bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At September 30, 2016, \$5,010,000 of bonds outstanding was considered defeased.

NOTE 12: PROPRIETARY FUND NET POSITION

Management has committed for operating reserves \$1,174,385 of the Public Utility Fund's \$4,582,954 unrestricted net position. Management has also committed \$103,147 of the Port Commission Fund's \$1,065,099 unrestricted net position for operating reserves and \$70,109 of the Beach Operating Fund's \$599,480 unrestricted net position for operating reserves. The committed amounts represent approximately 90 days of operating expenses, including interest expense and transfers to other funds. The Public Utility Fund, the Port Commission Fund, and the Beach Operating Fund had \$3,408,569, \$961,952, and \$529,371, respectively, of unrestricted, uncommitted net position as of September 30, 2016.

NOTE 13: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended September 30, 2016, the City purchased insurance through the Texas Municipal League (TML) to cover its risk of loss in these areas. Substantially all risk of loss for events occurring during the current year has been transferred to TML by the payment of insurance premiums. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

In the health insurance area, the City assumes all risk up to \$45,000 of eligible medical claims per participant, per year. A re-insurance policy has been purchased through the TML Intergovernmental Employee Benefits Pool that pays any additional claims in excess of this individual stop-loss amount. The City's total medical claim risk exposure is also limited by an aggregate stop-loss amount that is determined by the re-insurance carrier on an annual basis. Premiums paid by the City during the year for the individual and aggregate stop-loss coverage totaled \$189,593.

Paid health-related claims totaled \$741,823 during the current fiscal year. The insurance carrier estimated that \$69,816 in claims had been incurred but not reported as of the fiscal year-end. These estimated claims as well as known payables are included in the claim liability reported by various funds in the accompanying financial statements.

Following is a reconciliation of health-related claim liabilities and payments for the years noted:

	Beginning Liability		Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments		Ending Liability	
Fiscal Year 2012 Fiscal Year 2013	\$	33,209 29,895	\$	837,116 673,238	\$	840,430 645,271	\$	29,895 57,862
Fiscal Year 2014 Fiscal Year 2015		57,862 58,040		826,576 838,791		826,398 850,506		58,040 46,325
Fiscal Year 2016		46,325		765,314		741,823		69,816

NOTE 14: CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

A. Litigation

The City was not involved in any litigation as of September 30, 2016, and management was not aware of any threatened litigation or unasserted claims as of that date.

B. Grant Programs

The City participates in grant programs that are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the City has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any monies received may be required, and the collectability of any related receivables at September 30, 2016, may be impaired. In the opinion of the administration of the City, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the City's various grant programs.

C. Water Purchase Commitment

The City has entered into an agreement with the Guadalupe Blanco River Authority (GBRA) that obligates the City to purchase its water from GBRA; this contract shall be in force until the latter of August 2035 or until the City has paid the part of any outstanding plant revenue bonds for which the City is at least partially responsible.

D. Construction Commitments

As of September 30, 2016, the following construction projects were in progress:

	Costs	Estimated	
	Incurred	Remaining	
Project Description	To Date	Costs	Source of Funds
Governmental activities:			
Street improvements	\$ 30,380	\$ 319,620	City
Park improvements	130,211	119,789	City
Veterans' memorial	72,004	62,996	City/Contributions
	232,595	502,405	
Business-type activities:			
Smith Road waterline	32,284	267,716	City
Commerce Street sewerline	257,392	42,608	City
Bonorden Phase II	47,625	282,375	City/Grant
	337,301	592,699	
	\$ 569,896	\$ 1,095,104	

NOTE 15: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City participates as one of 866plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the TMRS. TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the TMRS with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a partial lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions of the City for plan year 2016 were as follows:

Employee deposit rate	5.0%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	1.5 to 1
Years required for vesting	5
Service retirement eligibility	
(expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/25
Updated service credit	100.0 repeating
Annuity increase (to retirees)	70.0% of CPI

At the December 31, 2015 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	57
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	89
Active employees	<u>94</u>
	240

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each City is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees for the City were required to contribute 5.00% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 6.20% and 5.68% in calendar years 2015 and 2016, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 were \$222,531, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% Overall Payroll Growth 3.0%

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disables annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2014 valuation. After the Asset Allocation Study analysis and experience investigation study, the Board amended the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments from 7% to 6.75%. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

Net Pension Liability - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - (Continued)

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). At its meeting on July 30, 2015, the TMRS Board approved a new portfolio target allocation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long Torm

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return (Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.50%	4.55%
International Equity	17.50%	6.10%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	3.65%
Real Return	10.00%	4.03%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.00%
Absolute Return	10.00%	4.00%
Private Equity	<u>5.00%</u>	8.00%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

Net Pension Liability - (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

	Increase (Decrease)						
	To	otal Pension	Plan Fiduciary			let Pension	
		Liability	Net Position			Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balance at 12/31/2014	\$	9,888,897	\$	9,341,955	\$	546,942	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		358,107		-		358,107	
Interest		688,461		-		688,461	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Difference between expected and							
actual experience		(139,223)		-		(139,223)	
Change of assumptions		88,376		-		88,376	
Contributions - Employer		-		241,857		(241,857)	
Contributions - Employee		-		195,047		(195,047)	
Net investment income		-		13,784		(13,784)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(465,578)		(465,578)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(8,396)		8,396	
Other changes		-		(415)		415	
Net changes		530,143		(23,701)		553,844	
Balance at 12/31/2015	\$	10,419,040	\$	9,318,254	\$	1,100,786	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease in	Discount Rate (6.75%)	1.0% Increase in
	Discount Rate (5.75%)		Discount Rate (7.75%)
City's Net Pension Liability:	\$2,559,604	\$1,100,786	\$(84,677)

Net Pension Liability - (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.tmrs.com.

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended September 30, 2016 the City recognized pension expense of \$266,679.

At September 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ -	\$ 196,658
Changes in actuarial assumptions	61,267	-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	581,283	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	158,037	-
Total	\$ 800,587	\$ 196,658

\$158,037 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2016	\$ 60,284
2017	110,549
2018	147,030
2019	128,029
2020	-
Thereafter	-

NOTE 16: SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFIT PLAN

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit", or OPEB.

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retired term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$3,440, \$2,983, and \$2,440, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

NOTE 17: VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION BENEFIT PLAN

The City provides a pension benefit for all retired volunteer firemen who qualify under the provisions of the Texas Local Fire Fighters Retirement Act. To be eligible, individuals must have completed at least 20 years of service and be at least 55 years old. Quarterly payments of \$75 are made to qualifying individuals until their death, at which time the surviving spouse, if any, is entitled to receive payments of \$50 per quarter until death. As of September 30, 2016, there were 10 individuals receiving benefits under the plan. Benefit payments for the year totaled \$2,875.

An actuarial study has not been performed to determine the City's accrued liability related to this benefit plan. Management estimates that the unfunded liability for vested benefits was between \$40,000 and \$50,000 as of September 30, 2016.

NOTE 18: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits the deferral of a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency.

The assets of this plan, which totaled \$816,277 as of September 30, 2016, are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. As such, no amounts related to these assets are included in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 19: FUND BALANCES

The following is a detail of the governmental fund balances as of September 30, 2016:

	Nons	pendable	Restricted	Committed	Unassigned	Total
General						
Prepaid items	\$	45,717	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,717
Operating reserves		-	-	2,330,439	-	2,330,439
Health insurance claims		-	-	920,230	-	920,230
Capital asset replacement		-	-	283,660	-	283,660
Unassigned		-	-	-	4,922,293	4,922,293
Street Construction						
Various capital projects		-	-	949,666	-	949,666
Nonmajor Governmental						
Retirement of long-term debt		-	141,071	-	-	141,071
Tourism and conventions		-	1,049,921	-	-	1,049,921
Economic development		-	10,120	-	-	10,120
Police		-	82,009	-	-	82,009
Municipal court		_	26,408	_	_	26,408
•						
	\$	45,717	\$ 1,309,529	\$ 4,483,995	\$ 4,922,293	\$ 10,761,534

NOTE 20: SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In December 2016, the City issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 of \$3,810,000. The bonds are due in annual installments ranging from \$100,000 to \$780,000 through 2024 with interest varying from 1.10% to 2.05%. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used to refund 100% of the Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligations, Series 2004 and a portion of the City's outstanding debt (General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series, 2007 and Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligations, Series 2007) and to pay costs of issuance of the bonds.

Required Supplementary Information

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2016 With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2015

		2016							
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual				
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$ 6,540,500	\$ 6,689,136	\$ 6,828,135	\$ 138,999	\$ 7,217,350				
Fines and forfeitures	281,000	281,000	317,651	36,651	274,479				
Intergovernmental	256,800	256,800	258,107	1,307	267,997				
Licenses and permits	83,200	83,200	109,637	26,437	105,245				
Investment	10,000	25,000	36,208	11,208	25,388				
Rental	45,000	69,000	87,130	18,130	87,084				
Charges for services	2,000	2,000	2,744	744	3,667				
Miscellaneous	15,000	29,400	71,990	42,590	79,699				
Total revenues	7,233,500	7,435,536	7,711,602	276,066	8,060,909				
EXPENDITURES Current									
General government	2,392,259	2,411,693	2,192,038	219,655	2,114,748				
Public safety	2,980,138	2,995,494	2,870,529	124,965	2,942,132				
Public works	1,162,959	1,303,205	1,190,259	112,946	1,344,897				
Parks and recreation	844,750	844,750	738,490	106,260	1,004,617				
Total expenditures	7,380,106	7,555,142	6,991,316	563,826	7,406,394				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(146,606)	(119,606)	720,286	839,892	654,515				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	•								
Transfers in	489,500	489,500	550,988	61,488	1,121,916				
Transfers out	(262,000)	(570,125)	(575,786)	(5,661)	(691,649)				
Sale of capital assets	5,000	5,000	3,617	(1,383)	43,061				
Net other financing sources (uses)	232,500	(75,625)	(21,181)	54,444	473,328				
Net change in fund balance	85,894	(195,231)	699,105	894,336	1,127,843				
Fund balance at beginning of year	7,803,234	7,803,234	7,803,234		6,675,391				
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 7,889,128	\$ 7,608,003	\$ 8,502,339	\$ 894,336	\$ 7,803,234				

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last ten years

	 2014		2015
Total Pension Liability			
Service cost Interest (on the total pension liability) Changes of benefit terms	\$ 314,835 670,913	\$	358,107 688,461
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	(250,547)		(139,223) 88,376
contributions	 (546,714)		(465,578)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	188,487		530,143
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 9,700,410	**********	9,888,897
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 9,888,897	<u>\$</u>	10,419,040
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	\$ 197,075 176,910 515,111	\$	241,857 195,047 13,784
contributions Administrative expense Other	 (546,714) (5,379) (442)		(465,578) (8,396) (415)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	336,561		(23,701)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 9,005,394		9,341,955
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 9,341,955	\$	9,318,254
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 546,942	\$	1,100,786
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	94.47%		89.43%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 3,538,200	\$	3,900,944
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	15.46%		28.22%

NOTE: Information for the prior eight years was not readily available. The City will compile the respective information over the next eight years as provided by TMRS on a "measurement date" basis.

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS Last ten fiscal years

	2015		2016		
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	225,696	\$	222,531	
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		(234,844)		(232,147)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(9,148)	\$	(9,616)	
Covered employee payroll	\$	3,728,430	\$	3,822,573	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		6.30%		6.07%	

NOTE: Information for the prior eight fiscal years was not readily available. The City will compile the respective information over the next eight fiscal years.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2016

NOTE 1: BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City annually adopts budgets that are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 2: BUDGETARY LEGAL COMPLIANCE

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City complied with budgetary restrictions at all departmental levels except the following:

Fund Name-	Final				Negative		
Department		Budget		Actual	V	ariance	
General Fund							
Animal control	\$	111,906	\$	112,674	\$	768	
Transfers out		570,125		575,786		5,661	

NOTE 3: TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Valuation Date

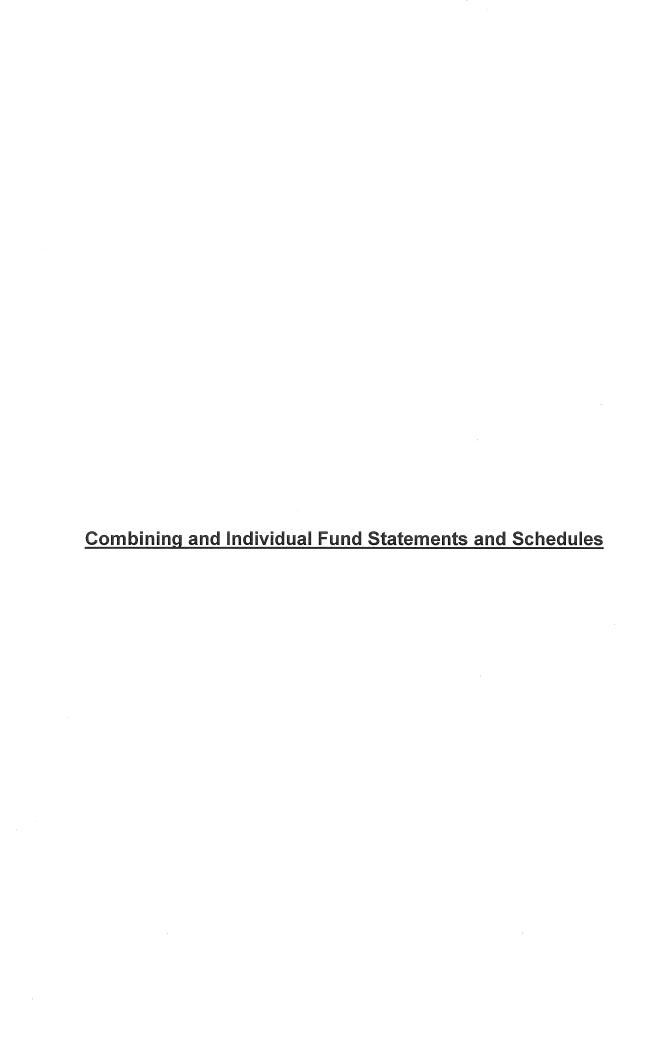
Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	10 year Smoothed Market; 15% Soft Corridor
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 10.5% including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-2014
Mortality	RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.
	scale BB.

Other Information

There were no benefit changes during the year.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund - Accounts for the collection of hotel and motel taxes collected within the City. The City uses these funds to directly enhance and promote tourism and the convention and hotel industry or other expenses as approved by State Law.

Police Forfeitures Fund - Accounts for items seized by the City through the police department as a result of criminal investigations. The funds are used for one-time equipment purchases and other purchases to assist in police activities.

Municipal Court Technology, Building Security, and Juvenile Case Manager Funds - Account for fees collected on conviction of certain municipal court offenses and funds are intended to enhance these specific areas.

Economic Development Fund - Accounts for funds received from public and private partners to be used for economic development purposes.

Bicycle Patrol Grant - Accounts for funds received from the Office of the Governor-Criminal Justice Division and used to purchase equipment needed to support the newly implemented bicycle patrol program. The purpose of this grant is to prevent and control crime.

HOME Program Fund - Accounts for grant funds received from the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs to provide funds to entities for the reconstruction of substandard homes in their community.

Texas Capital Fund - Accounts for federal funds received to fund downtown revitalization such as sidewalks in the Historic Commercial District.

Bullet Proof Vest Grant Fund - Accounts for the purchases of bullet proof vests funded 50% by the U.S. Department of Justice and 50% by the City through the Bullet Proof Vest Partnership Program.

Redflex Traffic System Fund - Accounts for fees collected by the City's red light camera system. This money is shared with the State's trauma account and the City can only use this money to enhance pedestrian safety.

Bayfront Peninsula Pier Fund - Accounts for maintenance of the City's pier located at Bayfront Park.

Homeland Security Grant - Accounts for grant funds received from the Governor's Division of Emergency Management to provide law enforcement and emergency response communities with enhanced capabilities for detecting, deterring, disrupting, preventing and responding to potential threats of manmade, natural disasters, and acts of terrorism.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - (Continued)

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for general government debt principal and interest.

2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Fund - To accumulate monies for payment of the City's 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2016

	Special Revenue								
ASSETS	Hotel Occupancy Police Tax Forfeitures			Juvenile Case <u>Manager</u>		Building Security	Economic Development		Redflex Traffic System
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net) Due from other governments	\$ 933,845 124,647	\$	5,510 - -	\$	1,076 - -	\$ 25,571 - 	\$	10,120 - <u>-</u>	\$ 81,291 -
Total assets	\$ 1,058,492	\$	5,510	\$	1,076	\$ 25,571	\$	10,120	\$ 81,291
LIABILITIES Liabilities									
Accounts payable Payroll related payables Due to other funds	\$ 8,571 - 	\$	- 4,792	\$	1,076 	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - -
Total liabilities	8,571		4,792		1,076				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue									
Total deferred inflows of resources			_		_			_	
FUND BALANCE Restricted Retirement of long-term debt Tourism and conventions Economic development Public safety Municipal court	- 1,049,921 - - -		- - - 718		- - -	- - - - 25,571		- - 10,120 - -	- - - 81,291 -
Total fund balance	1,049,921		718	-	_	25,571		10,120	81,291
Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
and fund balance	\$ 1,058,492	\$	5,510	\$	1,076	\$ 25,571	\$	10,120	\$ 81,291

Special Revenue Court Technology Fund	Total	Debt Service 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$ 32,794 - 	\$ 1,090,207 124,647	\$ 142,360 18,028 395	\$ 142,360 18,028 395	\$ 1,232,567 142,675 395	
\$ 32,794	\$1,214,854	\$ 160,783	<u>\$ 160,783</u>	\$ 1,375,637	
\$ -	\$ 8,571 1,076	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 8,571 1,076	
31,957	36,749	1,684	1,684	38,433	
31,957	46,396	1,684	1,684	48,080	
		18,028	18,028	18,028	
		18,028	18,028	18,028	
- -	- 1,049,921	141,071	141,071 -	141,071 1,049,921	
-	10,120	-	-	10,120	
- 837	82,009 26,408	-	-	82,009 26,408	
837	1,168,458	141,071	141,071	1,309,529	
\$ 32,794	\$1,214,854	\$ 160,783	<u>\$ 160,783</u>	\$ 1,375,637	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2016

	Special Revenue					
	Hotel		Juvenile			Bicycle
	Occupancy Tax	Police Forfeitures	Case Manager	Building Security	Economic Development	Patrol Grant
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 403,714	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fines, fees, and forfeitures	-	3,590	7,471	3,885	-	-
Intergovernmental Investment	3,150	- 282	-	- 79	32	-
Miscellaneous	91,070	-	_	-	-	-
Total revenues	497,934	3,872	7,471	3,964	32	_
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	227,414	-	-	1,775	-	-
Public safety	-	11,599	16,310	-	-	-
Debt service						
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	_	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-
Total expenditures	227,414	11,599	16,310	1,775		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	270,520	(7,727)	(8,839)	2,189	32	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	-	8,839	-	-	-
Transfers out	(225,000)			_		(189)
Total other financing sources	(
(uses)	(225,000)		8,839			(189)
Net change in fund balances	45,520	(7,727)	-	2,189	32	(189)
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,004,401	8,445		23,382	10,088	189
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,049,921	<u>\$ 718</u>	\$ -	\$ 25,571	\$ 10,120	\$ -

		Special	Revenue			
HOME Program	Bullet Proof Vest Grant	Proof Traffic		Bayfront Peninsula Pier	Homeland Security	Total
\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - 3,681 - - - 3,681	\$ - 170,526 - 259 - 170,785	\$ - 5,224 - 100 - 5,324	\$ - - 172 - 172	\$ - - 11,289 - - - 11,289	\$ 403,714 190,696 14,970 4,074 91,070 704,524
4,998 - -	- 7,505 -	- 170,776 -	4,487 - -		- 11,289 -	238,674 217,479
4,998	7,505	170,776	4,487		11,289	456,153
(4,998)	(3,824)	9	837	172	-	248,371
4,998 	3,824	<u>-</u>	- 	(56,298)	<u>-</u>	17,661 (281,487)
4,998	3,824			(56,298)	·	(263,826)
-	-	9	837	(56,126)	-	(15,455)
		81,282		56,126		1,183,913
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,291	\$ 837	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,168,458

(continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2016

REVENUES	Debt S 20 Gen Obliga Refunding	12 eral ation	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Taxes	\$	325,121	\$ 325,121	\$	728,835	
Fines, fees, and forfeitures Intergovernmental		-	-		190,696 14,970	
Investment		838	838		4,912	
Miscellaneous					91,070	
Total revenues		325,959	325,959		1,030,483	
EXPENDITURES Current						
General government		_	-		238,674	
Public safety		-	_		217,479	
Debt service		000 000	000 000		000 000	
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		280,000 47,396	280,000 47,396		280,000 47,396	
Total expenditures		327,396	 327,396		783,549	
i otai expelialtares		<u>,</u>	 027,000		1.00,010	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,437)	(1,437)		246,934	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-	-		17,661	
Transfers out			-		(281,487)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			 · <u>-</u>		(263,826)	
Net change in fund balances		(1,437)	(1,437)		(16,892)	
Fund balances at beginning of year	<u> </u>	142,508	 142,508		1,326,421	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	141,071	\$ 141,071	\$	1,309,529	
					(concluded)	

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund and accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2016 With comparative totals for September 30, 2015

		2016		2015
ASSETS	-			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,017,149	\$	5,674,979
Investments	*	490,000	*	500,000
Receivables, net		,		,
Taxes		461,449		447,522
Fines		55,748		48,547
Other		50,612		28,580
Due from other governments		426,283		450,170
Due from other funds		885,233		1,522,854
Prepaid items		45,717		47,218

Total assets	\$	9,432,191	\$	8,719,870
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	156,877	\$	246,148
Payroll related payables		161,111		107,748
Other payables		58,143		34,998
Due to other governments		25,343		17,714
Customer and other deposits		18,944		21,586
Unearned revenue		64,041		64,041
Total liabilities		484,459		492,235
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue		445,393		424,401
Chavallable 161611de			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total deferred inflows of resources		445,393		424,401
FUND BALANCE				
Nonspendable				
Prepaid items		45,717		47,218
Committed				
Operating reserves		2,330,439		2,468,798
Health insurance claims		920,230		924,846
Capital asset replacement		283,660		285,876
Unassigned		4,922,293		4,076,496
Total fund balance		8,502,339	-	7,803,234
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	9,432,191	\$	8,719,870

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2016 With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2015

		2015		
	Final		Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Ad valorem	\$ 3,642,636	\$ 3,706,583	\$ 63,947	\$ 3,768,918
Sales	2,450,000	2,510,153	60,153	2,809,977
Franchise	581,500	587,153	5,653	615,800
Beverage	15,000	24,246	9,246	22,655
Total taxes	6,689,136	6,828,135	138,999	7,217,350
Fines and forfeitures				
Municipal court	158,000	212,719	54,719	154,231
Tax penalties and fees	123,000	104,932	(18,068)	120,248
Total fines and forfeitures	281,000	317,651	36,651	274,479
Intergovernmental				
Reimbursements	255,000	256,166	1,166	255,347
Grants and allocations	1,800	1,941	141	12,650
Total intergovernmental	256,800	258,107	1,307	267,997
Licenses and permits				
Licenses				
Building/electrical	7,000	8,028	1,028	9,431
Animal	4,000	7,270	3,270	7,570
Alcoholic beverage	4,000	5,295	1,295	5,135
Permits	,	,	•	,
Building	30,000	22,733	(7,267)	34,689
Electrical	6,000	10,649	4,649	8,857
Plumbing	8,000	11,792	3,792	10,753
Mechanical	3,500	11,445	7,945	7,015
Miscellaneous	20,700	32,425	11,725	21,795
Total licenses and permits	83,200	109,637	26,437	105,245
Investment	25,000	36,208	11,208	25,388
Rental	69,000	87,130	18,130	87,084
			,	2.,,001
Charges for services Police service fees	2,000	1,645	(355)	2,367
Other	2,000	1,043	1,099	1,300
	2,000	2,744	744	3,667
Total charges for services		<u></u>		

		2015		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
REVENUES - (Continued) Miscellaneous				
Reimbursements and refunds Other	\$ 10,000 19,400	\$ 11,669 60,321	\$ 1,669 40,921	\$ 9,838 69,861
Total miscellaneous	29,400	71,990	42,590	79,699
Total revenues	7,435,536	7,711,602	276,066	8,060,909
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	489,500	550,988	61,488	1,121,916
Sale of capital assets	5,000	3,617	(1,383)	43,061
Total other financing sources	494,500	554,605	60,105	1,164,977
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 7,930,036	\$ 8,266,207	\$ 336,171	\$ 9,225,886

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2016 With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2015

		2016						
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2015 Actual				
EXPENDITURES								
Current General government								
City council								
Personnel services	\$ 29,094	\$ 27,205	\$ 1,889	\$ 27,612				
Materials and supplies	380	380	-	429				
Services	1,370	1,331	39	1,025				
Total city council	30,844	28,916	1,928	29,066				
City manager				q				
Personnel services	244,692	223,217	21,475	193,624				
Materials and supplies	1,201	1,131	70	410				
Services	6,127	5,356	<u> </u>	5,987				
Total city manager	252,020	229,704	22,316	200,021				
City secretary								
Personnel services	91,978	88,128	3,850	72,402				
Materials and supplies	2,352	1,451	901	1,171				
Services	30,911	29,745	1,166	20,916				
Maintenance	399	398	1					
Total city secretary	125,640	119,722	5,918	94,489				
Human resources								
Personnel services	47,313	44,469	2,844	53,409				
Materials and supplies	2,479	1,977	502	1,726				
Services	16,844	15,524	1,320	19,375				
Maintenance	1,789	560	1,229	74.540				
Total human resources	68,425	62,530	5,895	74,510				
Municipal court	27.424	04.000	2712					
Personnel services	87,184	84,638	2,546	80,162				
Materials and supplies Services	3,794 14,255	3,723 13,632	71 623	1,541 23,471				
Maintenance	3,767	3,168	599	3,385				
Total municipal court	109,000	105,161	3,839	108,559				
Economic development			<u></u> ,	-				
Personnel services	114,546	87,257	27,289	70,320				
Materials and supplies	1,055	658	397	5,718				
Services	48,289	33,899	14,390	10,844				
Maintenance	1,000	867	133	3,629				
Total economic development	164,890	122,681	42,209	90,511				
. etc. etc development				1				

		2016		2015
			Variance	
	Final		Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
EXPENDITURES - (Continued)				
Current - (Continued)				
General government - (Continued) Finance				
Personnel services	\$ 209,773	\$ 209,970	\$ (197)	\$ 198,111
Materials and supplies	6,675	6,546	129	8,691
Services	5,986	5,933	53	12,134
Maintenance	500	456	44	508
Total finance	222,934	222,905	29	219,444
City hall				
Materials and supplies	9,230	9,215	15	7,575
Services	75,660	78,205	(2,545)	81,609
Maintenance	23,860 108,750	7,569 94,989	16,291 13,761	<u>27,476</u> 116,660
Total city hall	100,730	94,969	13,701	110,000
Non-departmental	664.370	647.004	44.006	CE 4 00E
Personnel services Services	661,370 520,963	647,284 458,250	14,086 62,713	654,805 434,965
Maintenance	70,385	68,105	2,280	66,780
Sundry	76,472	31,791	44,681	24,938
Total non-departmental	1,329,190	1,205,430	123,760	1,181,488
Total general government	2,411,693	2,192,038	219,655	2,114,748
Public safety				
Police				
Personnel services	1,299,315	1,299,801	(486)	1,354,478
Materials and supplies Services	102,071 90,444	75,464 82,024	26,607 8,420	64,449 77,771
Maintenance	119,140	118,052	1,088	125,670
Capital outlay	46,680	46,680	-	44,641
Total police	1,657,650	1,622,021	35,629	1,667,009
Fire				
Personnel services	975,653	911,107	64,546	947,901
Materials and supplies	102,520	90,794	11,726	77,765
Services	56,938	50,079	6,859	53,550
Maintenance	43,048	36,091	6,957	35,808
Debt service	47,779	47,763	16	47,762
Total fire	1,225,938	1,135,834	90,104	1,162,786
Animal control	00.050	00.050	(504)	05.007
Personnel services Materials and supplies	82,352 7,481	82,856 7,268	(504) 213	85,027 8,111
Services	9,673	10,151	(478)	11,909
Maintenance	12,400	12,399	1	7,290
Total animal control	111,906	112,674	(768)	112,337
Total public safety	2,995,494	2,870,529	124,965	2,942,132
				(continued)
	70			(Sorialiaca)

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2016 With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2015

				2016				2015
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual
EXPENDITURES - (Continued)								
Current - (Continued)								
Public works Code enforcement/inspections								
Personnel services	\$	149,878	\$	149,846	\$	32	\$	121,314
Materials and supplies	*	5,964		5,813	*	151	•	5,772
Services		22,082		18,542		3,540		9,996
Maintenance		3,172		3,170		2		2,351
Capital outlay		-						21,965
Total code enforcement/inspections		181,096		177,371		3,725	-	161,398
Streets		450.075		444.050		44405		445.005
Personnel services Materials and supplies		456,075 47,103		441,950 45,088		14,125 2,015		415,225 33,974
Services		144,657		130,974		13,683		138,934
Maintenance		368,674		289,296		79,378		170,043
Capital outlay		105,600		105,580		20		425,323
Total streets		1,122,109		1,012,888		109,221		1,183,499
Total public works		1,303,205		1,190,259		112,946		1,344,897
Parks and recreation Parks								
Personnel services		175,074		165,126		9,948		156,676
Materials and supplies		34,303		28,673		5,630		24,650
Services		61,670		64,738		(3,068)		58,166
Maintenance		67,125		64,693		2,432		78,690
Capital outlay Total parks		265,628 603,800		202,853 526,083		62,775 77,717		476,986 795,168
Convention/visitors bureau				020,000				7 30, 100
Personnel services		60,275		59,317		958		60,665
Materials and supplies		6,373		6,028		345		5,020
Services		105,259		110,299		(5,040)		113,203
Maintenance		69,043		36,763		32,280		30,561
Total convention/visitors bureau		240,950		212,407		28,543		209,449
Total parks and recreation		844,750		738,490		106,260		1,004,617
Total current		7,555,142		6,991,316		563,826		7,406,394
Total expenditures		7,555,142		6,991,316		563,826		7,406,394
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out		570,125		575,786		(5,661)		691,649
Total expenditures and other			**********					
financing uses	\$	8,125,267	\$	7,567,102	\$	558,165	\$	8,098,043
								(concluded)

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - 2012 GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the year ended September 30, 2016

With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2015

			2015				
	Final sudget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)			Actual
REVENUES Taxes							
Ad valorem Investment	\$ 327,000 300	\$	325,121 838	\$	(1,879) 538	\$ 	270,748 453
Total revenues	 327,300		325,959		(1,341)		271,201
EXPENDITURES Debt service							
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	 280,000 47,300		280,000 47,396		(96)		220,000 _52,471
Total expenditures	 327,300		327,396		(96)		272,471
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-		(1,437)		(1,437)		(1,270)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 -						-
Net change in fund balances	-		(1,437)		(1,437)		(1,270)
Fund balances at beginning of year	 142,508		142,508		<u> </u>	-	143,778
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 142,508	\$	141,071	\$	(1,437)	\$	142,508

AGENCY FUND

Agency Funds are used to account for resources held for others in a custodial capacity and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Police Seized Nonforfeiture Fund - To account for assets seized by the City's police department in various law enforcement actions prior to disposition of the assets by court authorities.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND For the year ended September 30, 2016

	Balance Beginning of Year		Additions		Deductions		Balance End of Year	
POLICE SEIZED NONFORFEITURE FUND Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	79,622	\$	7,387	\$	8,192	<u>\$</u>	78,817
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	79,622	\$	7,387	\$	8,192	\$	78,817
Liabilities Due to others	\$	79,622	\$	7,387	\$	8,192	\$	78,817
Total liabilities	\$	79,622	\$	7,387	\$	8,192	\$	78,817

OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.



STEPHEN W. VAN MANEN, CPA DENNIS C. CIHAL, CPA ERIC L. KUCERA, CPA CLAYTON P. VAN PELT, CPA ROBERT W. SCHAAR, CPA MELISSA M. TERRY, CPA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Port Lavaca, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Port Lavaca, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 24, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Port Lavaca, Texas

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P. Certified Public Accountants

May 24, 2017



CITY OF PORT LAVACA

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